



Energy Efficient Technologies

Industrial Sector

Jamaica's Experience



Promoting Energy Efficiency in the
Caribbean

13 – 14 May 2010

Port-of-Spain, Trinidad & Tobago

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Outline

- Introduction
- Energy Sector Overview
- National Development Plan
- National Industrial Policy
- National Energy Policy
- Energy Efficiency Policy and Strategy
- Energy Efficiency Technologies
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- Supporting Mechanisms
 - Legislative, Regulatory and Financial
- Environmental Impact
- Way Forward
- Concluding Remarks



Introduction

- High dependence on imported oil

- Petroleum import (2009)

- 22.1 Mbbls
 - Cost - US\$1.35bn

- 24% of GDP (2009)



- High Concentration

- Transport: 38%

- Bauxite/alumina: 35%

- Electricity generation: 23%

- Total for three: 96%

- Per capita consumption: 7.6 boe

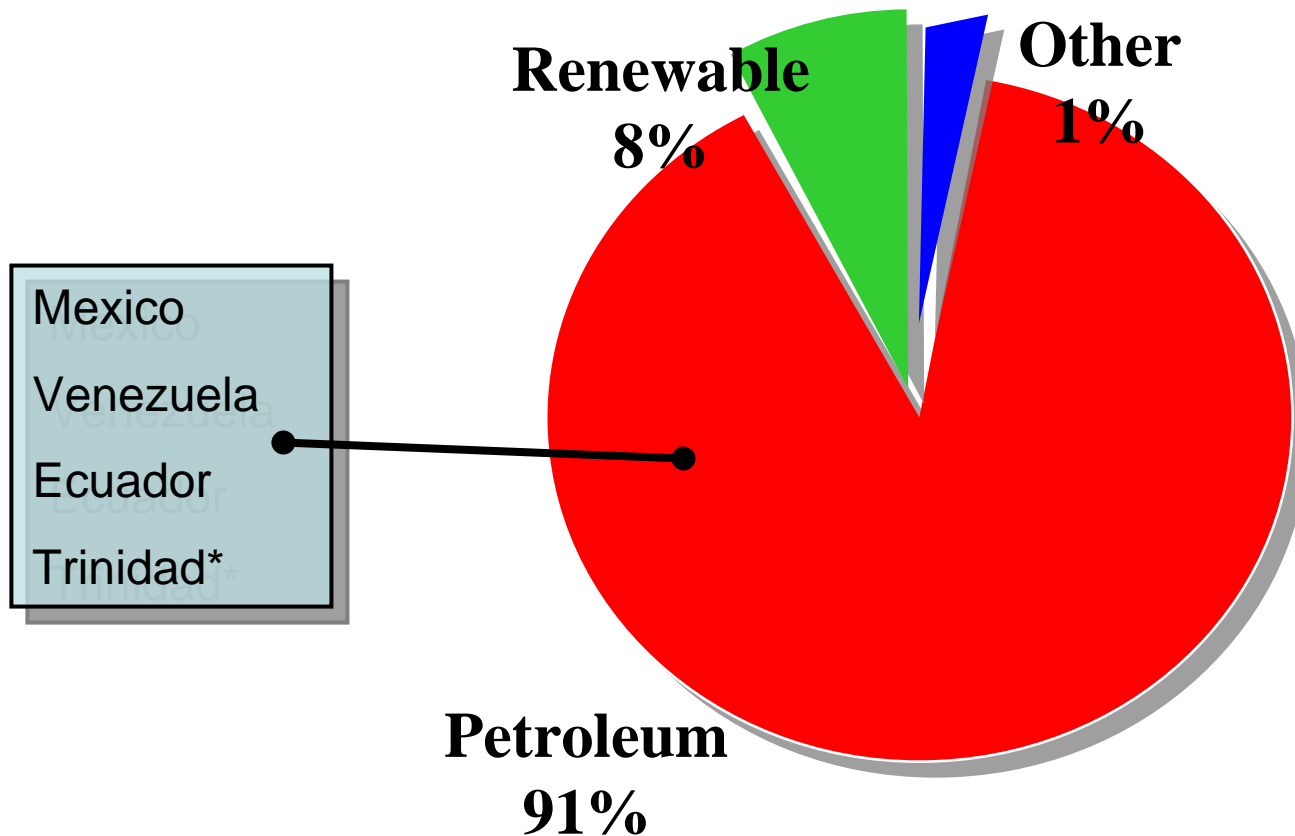
- Excluding the bauxite sector: 5.0 boe





Energy Sector Overview

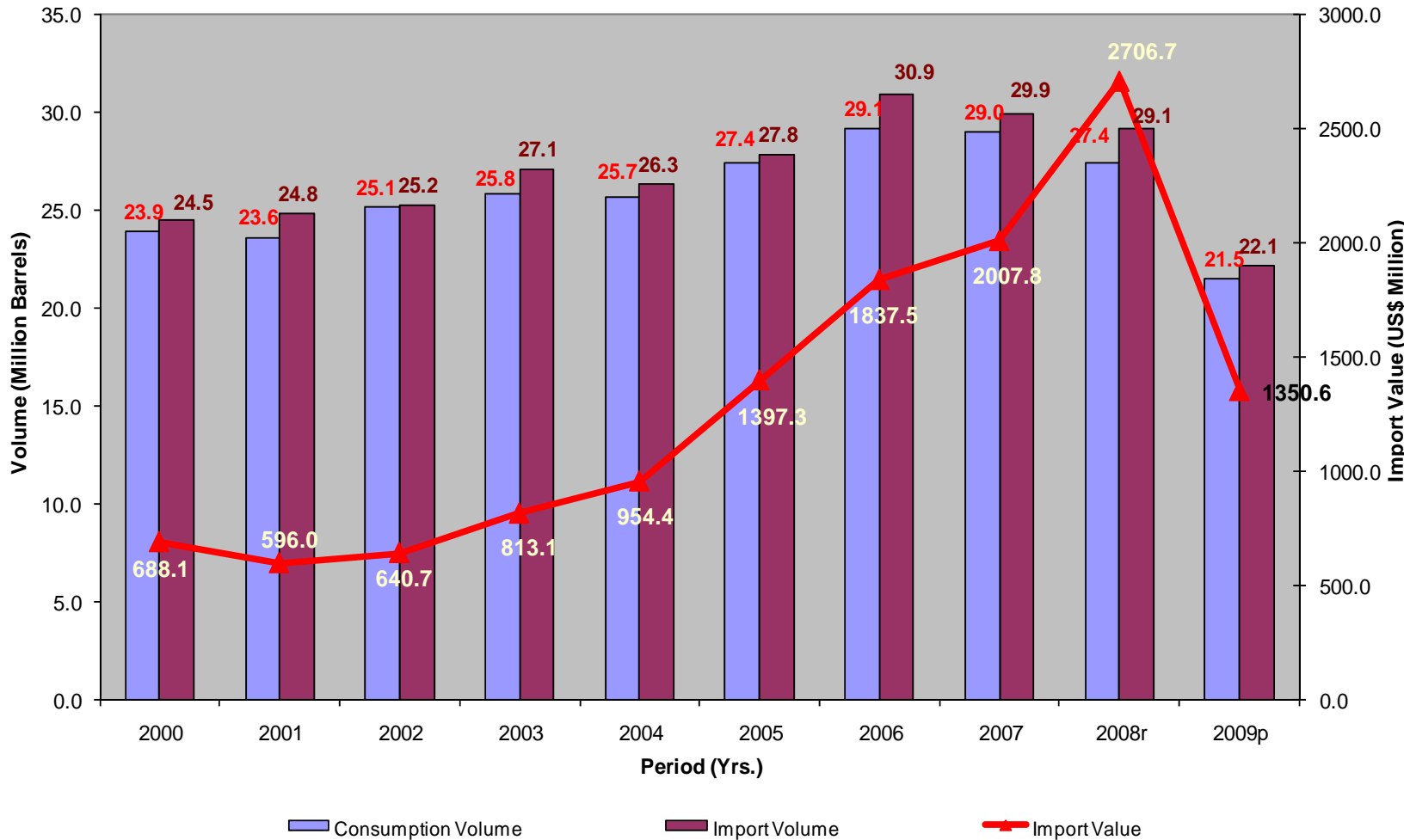
Energy Profile





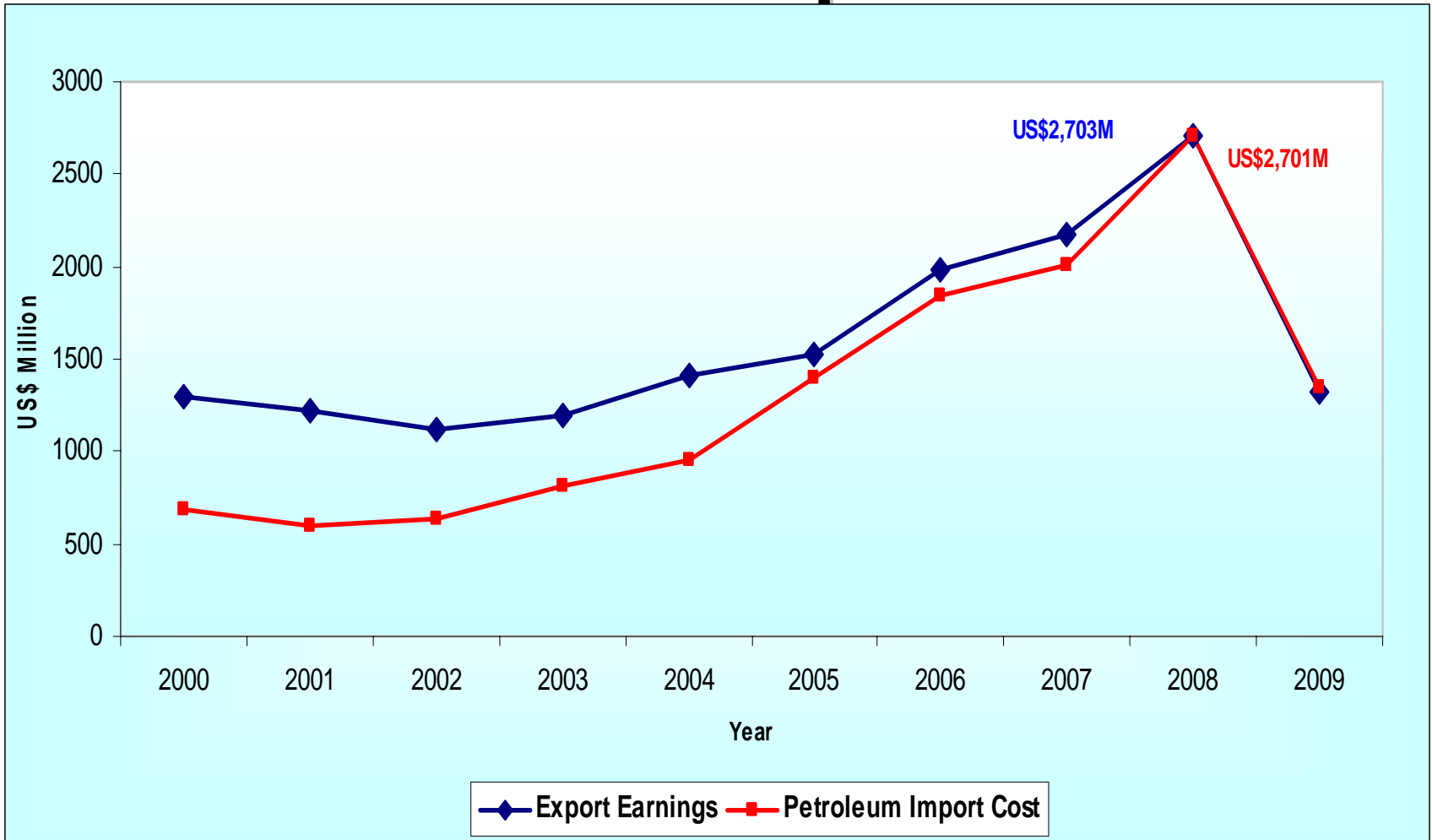
Petroleum Volume and Cost

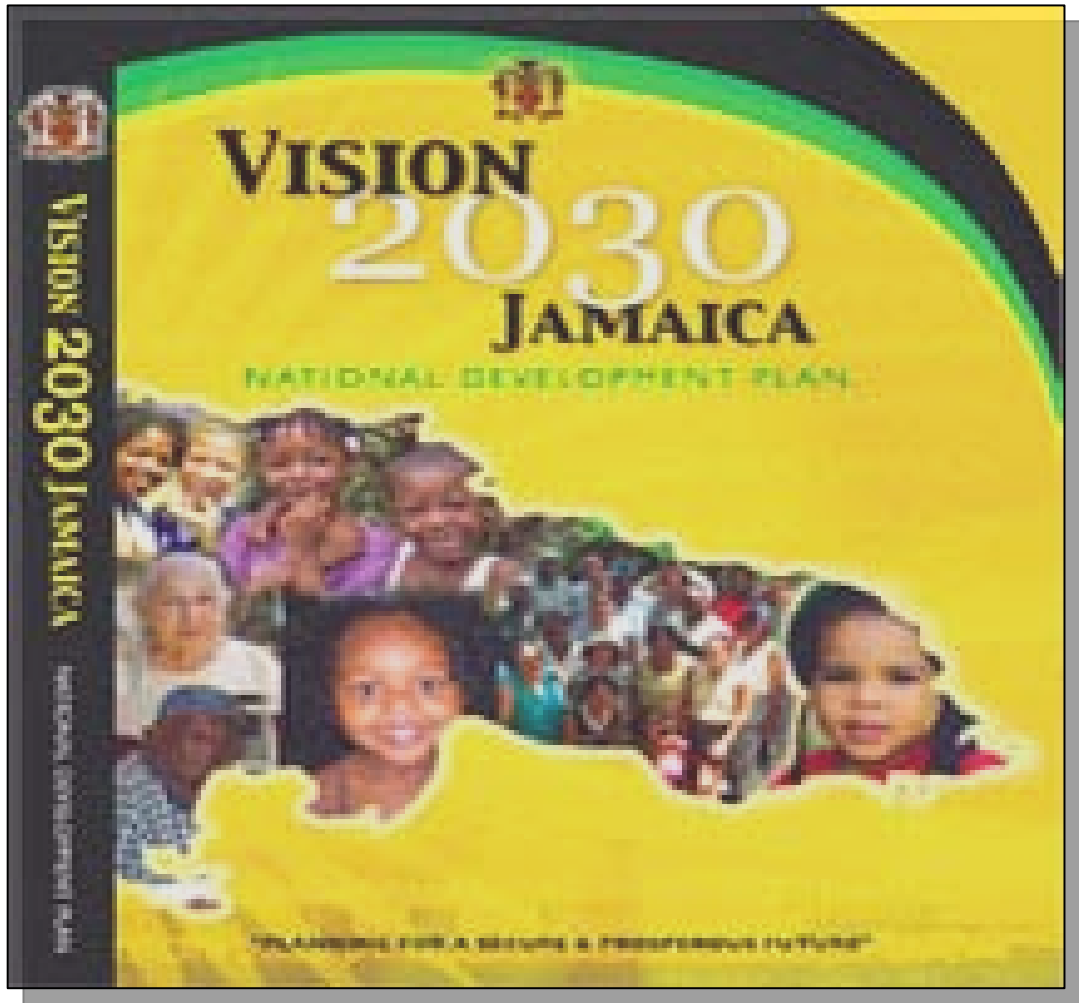
Petroleum Consumption and Import Costs





Jamaica's Export Earnings vs. Oil Import





NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN

<http://www.vision2030.gov.jm/>



Jamaica's Vision

“Jamaica, the place of choice to live, work, raise families, and do business”

- ***“Developed Country Status”*** by 2030
- Long-term strategies

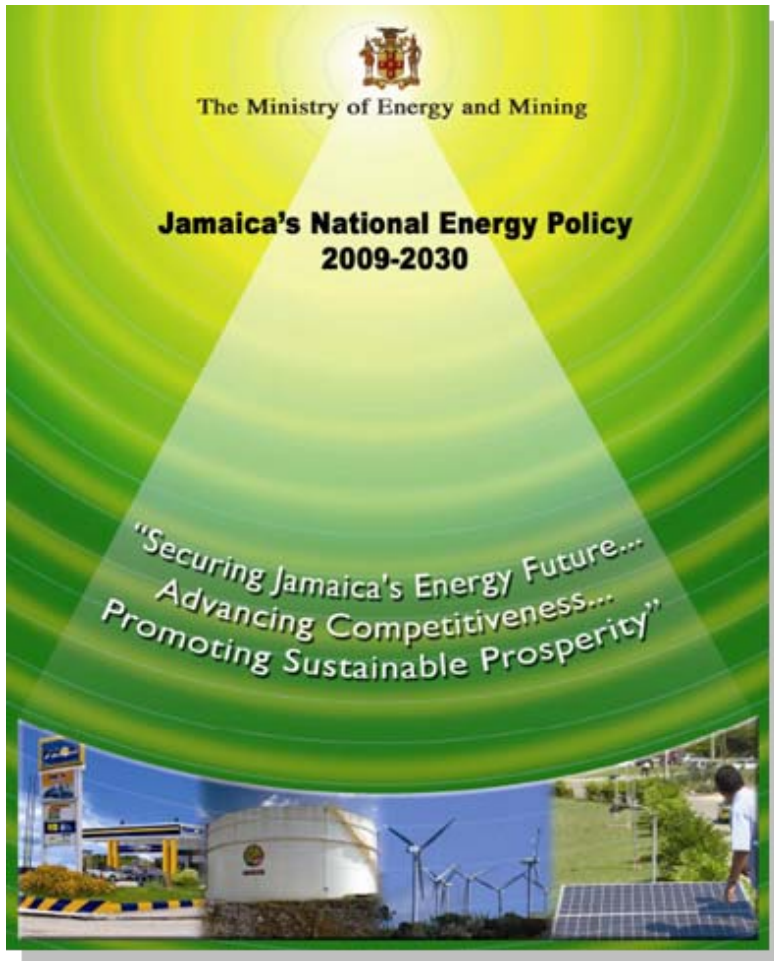


National Industrial Policy

- Strategic Plan for Economic Growth and Development
 - Parliamentary approval March 1996
 - Medium to long-term plan
 - Specific targets for economic growth
 - Targeted strategic clusters for development

- Essential elements
 - Macroeconomic Policy
 - Industrial Strategy
 - Social Partnerships
 - Government
 - Labour
 - Employees
 - Environmental Policy





ENERGY SECTOR POLICIES

http://www.mem.gov.jm/policy_develop.htm



National Energy Policy 2009 – 2030

- Aggressive energy conservation and efficiency;
- Modernize the energy infrastructure;
- Exploitation of renewable energy resources;
- Security of energy supplies;
- Establishment of institutional framework;
- GOJ lead in implementation of policies;
- Private sector involvement in creating “Green Economy”



Energy Efficiency Policy and Strategy

- Energy Conservation and Efficiency Policy ([ECEP](#)) addendum to National Energy Policy
- ECEP focuses efficiency across all sectors
 - o Development of institutional frameworks
 - o Application to the public and private sectors
 - o Building codes and standards
 - o Potential impact on the environment



Energy Efficiency Policy and Strategy cont'd

- Public Sector Strategies
 - Target reduction: 10-15%
 - Energy budgeting
 - Improving efficiencies (NWC, hospitals, schools...)
 - Energy coordinators

- Private Sector Strategies
 - Target reduction: 5-7%
 - Providing technical assistance (photovoltaic systems)
 - Replacing incandescent with CFL bulbs
 - Efficiency labeling
 - Energy management systems/facilities (energy managers, reporting, energy audits...)



Energy Efficiency Policy and Strategy cont'd

- Electricity Sector Strategies
 - Loss reduction
 - Heat rate improvements
 - Power factor improvement
 - Demand Side Management

- Transport Sector Strategies
 - Policy integration – strengthen nexus between the Energy and Transport Policies
 - Traffic management
 - Urban strategizing: park & ride, car pooling, mass transit



Energy Efficient Technologies





Energy Efficient Technologies: Light Bills

- Install an Energy Management System (EMS)
- Encourage CFL usage
- Replace magnetic ballasts with electronic ones
- Motion detectors
- Install chilled water thermal energy storage system





Energy Efficient Technologies: Water

- Install aerators in bathrooms faucets
- Install low-flow toilets and urinals
- Use of touch-less controls





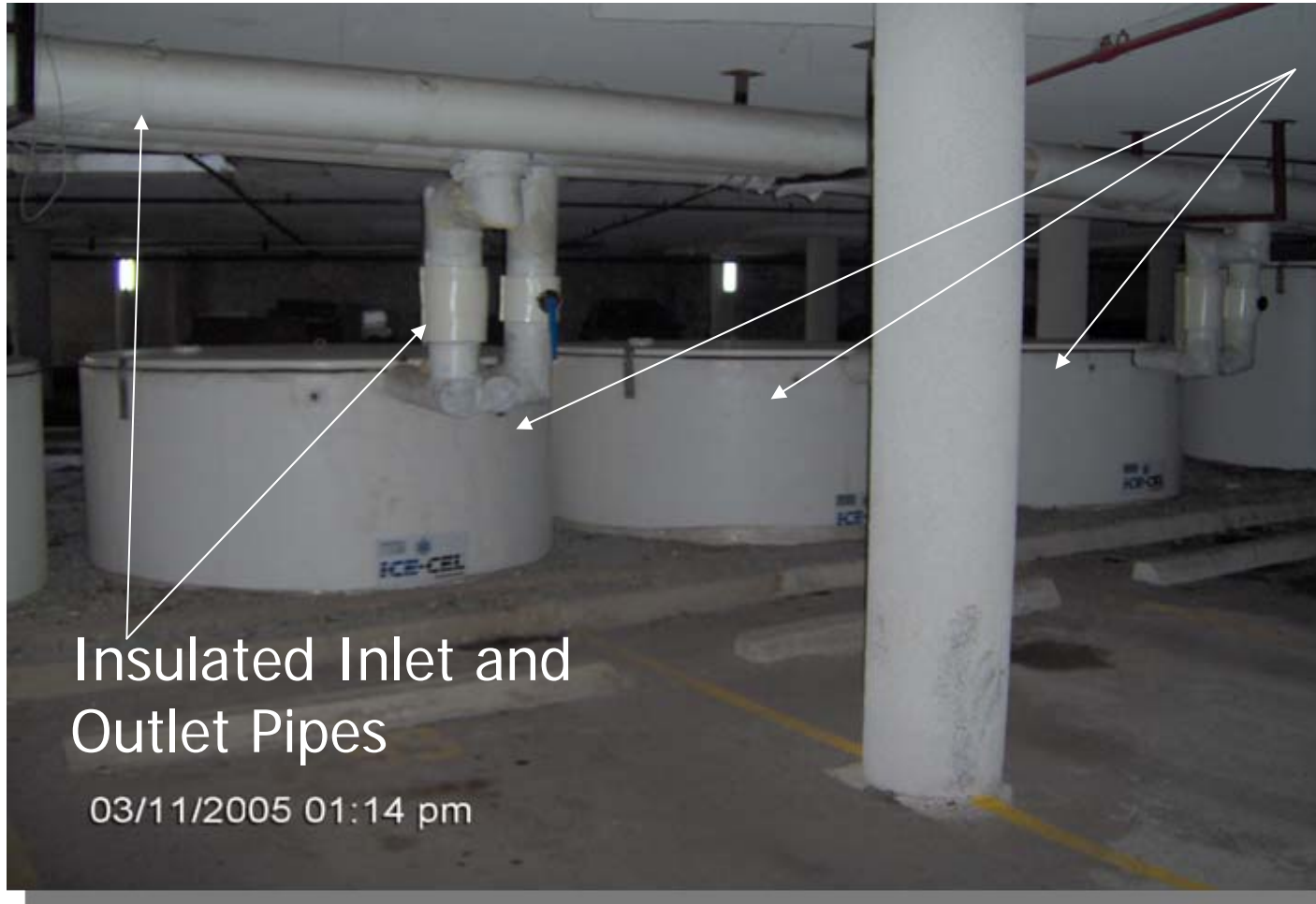
Energy Efficient Technologies: Space Cooling

- Air Conditioners (AC)
 - Replace AC units with water-chilled unit
 - Reduce electricity consumption by 46%
- Place AC units and blowers on timers
- Replace coolants in split units with hydro-carbons
- Replace split units with centralized systems





Energy Efficient Technologies: Space Cooling



Chillers



Energy Efficient Technologies: Others

- Conducting energy audits
- Install cogeneration systems
- Efficient electric motors and variable speed drives
- Efficient industrial lamps
- Improve steam system efficiency
- Insulated walls and ceilings
- Paint building exterior in lighter colours





Renewable Energy Technology

- RE accounts for approx. 8% of energy mix;
- RE resources available in Jamaica
 - Solar Energy
 - Hydro Energy
 - Biomass Energy
 - Bio-fuels
 - Wind Energy





Wind Energy

- Commercial wind-farm (Wigton)
- Maximum capacity of 20.7 MW
- 23 wind turbines
- Cost US\$25 million
- Commissioned April 2004





Wind Energy: Wigton Expansion

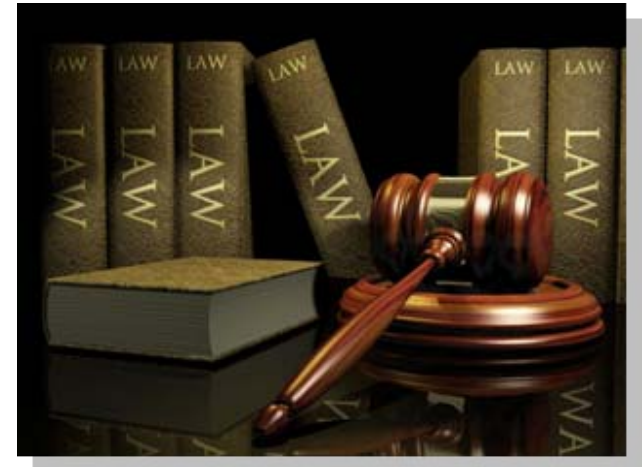
- Additional 18 MW
- **Operational 2010
(August/Sept)**
- US\$50 million project
- Reduce petroleum consumption
- Carbon credits





Supporting Mechanisms

- Legislative & Regulatory Framework
 - Acts, Codes, Standards & Labeling
 - National Building Code
 - National Health and Safety Code (HSE)
 - Equipment & Appliance Labeling
 - Use of Smart Meters (JPSCo)
 - Office of Utilities Regulation
 - The Natural Resources Conservation Authority Act





Support Mechanisms: Financial Assistance

Development Bank of Jamaica (DBJ)

- US\$500M Revolving Loan Energy:
US\$15M maximum per project
 - o Interest rate 12.5% fixed for life of project
 - o 7 years
 - o 12 months moratorium
- Eligible Enterprise
 - o Commercial & Industrial Users
 - o Energy Services Co. (ESCOs)
 - o Equipment Manufacturers

www.dbankjm.com





Environmental Impact

- Changing energy consumption habits
 - Cut down on CO₂ gas emissions
 - Reduce liquid and solid waste
 - Impact of global warming
- Rich biodiversity
 - Development of renewable resources
 - Less toxic / better air quality
 - Reduced threat to water quality
 - Decline in emission levels (CO₂, NOX...)
- **CDM & Kyoto Protocol**





Way Forward

- **Incentives**
 - **Energy efficient devices**
 - **RE Technologies**
- **Loan facilities**
 - Building Societies
 - Financial institutions
 - National Housing Trust
- **Adherence to Building Code (Energy Efficiency)**
- **Monitoring and implementation of ECE Policy**
- **Sensitize consumers towards more prudent use of energy**



Concluding Remarks

- Global oil market *unstable*
- Rising oil prices *unsustainable*
 - Could exceed US\$100/bbl
- Security of supply *uncertain*
- Global competitiveness *threatened*
- **Energy conservation and efficiency is a National Imperative**
- **Preservation of the Environment is a must!!!**





Thank You... The End

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Questions & Answers

